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How to install certificate from an SSL Certificate Provider to PBX

 In case you've decided to use specific SSL certificate or PBX has no access to Wildix certificate-updater service.

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 Important: in WMS 5.0X Custom certificates are accepted only with signature algorithm not lower than SHA256.

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Intro: What is SSL and an SSL Certificate

Secured Socket Layer (SSL) is the technology that ensures that data between two machines (in our case – a browser/ phone and PBX) is transmitted securely in an encrypted connection (HTTPS).

An SSL Certificate is a digital certificate that confirms the identity of a website. It is usually represented as a pair of small text files with encrypted data (Certificate *.crt and Private Key *.key).

To implement SSL on your PBX in the absence of access to Wildix certificate-updater service, you need to:

- submit a CSR (Certificate Signing Request) to an SSL Certificate Provider (Certification Authority) and get an SSL Certificate

or

- create [self-signed certificate](#) by you own. These certificates are easy to make and they are free. However, they do not provide all of the security properties that certificates signed by a CA aim to provide.

Then you need to import certificate and private key to PBX.

Step-by-step guide

Step 1.

You can rather request a certificate from a [Certification Authority](#) or generate a [self-signed](#) certificate.

Get a certificate from a Certification Authority

1. Select one of Certificate Providers that suit your requirements. For instance, [SSL.com](#), [Namecheap](#), [TheSSLStore](#), [GoDaddy](#), [GlobalSign](#), [DigiCert](#), [Thawte](#), [GeoTrust](#), [Entrust](#), [Network Solutions](#), etc.
2. Create a CSR (Certificate Signing Request) either using a Linux shell (PBX shell preferred) or Certificate Provider tools:

Linux shell command to create CSR

```
openssl req -new -newkey rsa:2048 -nodes -keyout server.key -out server.csr
```

CSR configuration requires the details as follows below:

- *Common Name (the domain name of PBX). **It is highly recommended to use sub-domain wildcard (*.<yourdomain>.<com>)***
 - *Country (two-letter code)*
 - *State (or province)*
 - *Locality (or city)*
 - *Organization*
 - *Organizational Unit (Department)*
 - *E-mail address*
3. Keep resulting key and csr files. Its content should include encrypted data and headers :

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

```
...some data...
```

```
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

and

```
-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----
```

```
....some data...
```

```
-----END PRIVATE KEY-----
```

4. Order a certificate from one of Certificate Providers and provide them the CSR file
5. Validate domain ownership with CA using one of three validation types: Domain Validated (DV), Organization Validated (OV), Extended Validation (EV)




Please note that some sub-types require internet connection.

Generate self-signed certificate

Generate certificate on LINUX system using the command:

```
openssl genrsa -des3 -out server.key 2048
openssl rsa -in server.key -out server.key
openssl req -sha256 -new -key server.key -out server.csr -subj "/C=IT/ST=TN/L=My City/O=My Company
/CN=examplecompany.com"
openssl x509 -req -sha256 -days 3650 -in server.csr -signkey server.key -out server.crt
```

 Use your country instead of IT (Italy) and your region instead of TN (Trento) in the string **“/C=IT/ST=TN /L=My City/O=My Company/CN=examplecompany.com”**

Output:

server.crt server.csr server.key

Step 2. Configure internal DNS

Configure internal DNS. PBX domain name should correspond IP of PBX.

Step 3. Import the certificate

To import the certificate:

1. Login PBX web interface with administrative account
2. Go to *WMS Settings -> PBX -> SIP-RTP*
3. Upload certificate files: Certificate *.crt and Private Key *.key
4. Click **Save**

Settings SIP-RTP

Auto discover external IP address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DynDNS website url	<input type="text" value="http://checkip.wildix.com/"/>
External IP address	<input type="text" value="154.41.3.130"/>
External secure port	<input type="text" value="Default 443"/>
Use only https	<input type="checkbox"/>
Random music on hold	<input type="checkbox"/>
Default music on hold	<input type="text" value="default"/>
RTP start port	<input type="text" value="9998"/>
RTP end port	<input type="text" value="15001"/>
Outgoing registration timeout (seconds)	<input type="text" value="600"/>
Jitter buffer : min delay	<input type="text" value="50"/>
Jitter buffer : average delay	<input type="text" value="100"/>
Jitter buffer : max delay	<input type="text" value="200"/>
RTP / T.38 ToS / DSCP	<input type="text" value="0 / 0 / 0 / none"/>
SIP ToS / DSCP	<input type="text" value="0 / 0 / 0 / none"/>
Use TLS / SRTP for local devices	<input type="checkbox"/>
Auto add new devices in local networks (for 2 hours)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable wideband codec usage for all networks	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable wideband codec usage in LAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Networks where force usage of wideband codecs	<input type="text"/>
Custom Direct RTP Subnets	<input type="text"/>
If you want to enable direct RTP in networks larger than /24, please enter them here For example: 10.0.0.0/16	
TLS Certificate (*.cert)	<input type="button" value="Choose file"/> No file chosen
TLS Private Key (*.key)	<input type="button" value="Choose file"/> No file chosen
Private key should be decrypted	